Seven Corners Emergency List and High Exposure Conditions

Federal law defines an emergency medical condition as follows:

"Emergency medical condition" means a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain, psychiatric disturbances, and/or symptoms of substance abuse) such that the absence of immediate medical attention could reasonably be expected to result in:

- Placing the health of the individual (or, with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of a woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy;
- Serious impairment to any bodily functions;
- Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part;

**Conditions**

- Appendicitis
- Dengue Fever
- Gastroenteritis
- Accidental Injuries (i.e. fractures, sprains - Note hazardous sports benefits)
- Pneumonia
- Acute Allergic Reactions
- Acute UTI
- Meningitis
- Pregnancy Deliveries/C-Section (Note maternity benefits)
- Emergency Laparotomy for Ectopic Pregnancy (Note maternity benefits)
- Flu (any Acute Febrile Illnesses)
- Respiratory Infection/Bronchitis
- Tonsillitis/Strep Throat
- Malaria
- Typhoid Fever
- Diverticulitis
- Viral Pyrexia
- Retinal Perforation / Detachment
- Bowel Obstruction
- Bacterial Infections
- Emergency Laparoscopy for ruptured cyst
- Acute Asthma attack
- Rabies Treatment
- Burn Treatment
- Aneurysm
- Stroke (Acute Care)
- Cardiac Arrest (Acute Care)
- Psychotic episode (Note mental health benefits)
- Head injuries
- Chest pain
- Unilateral (one side) numbness or weakness
- Asthma symptoms (unresolved by prescribed treatments)
- Bleeding that will not stop
- Drug ingestions / poisonings or potential overdose
- Electrical injuries
- Suicide attempts (assuming policy has suicide benefits)
- Fever of 105° or greater
- Any temperature problems with an infant less than 4 months of age
- Unresponsiveness / Loss of consciousness
- Severe abdominal pain
- Blood sugar problems with symptoms
- Seizures or convulsions
- Assault or possible rape
- Slurred speech (new onset)