

High Impact Undergraduate Experiences and How They Matter Now

Survey of College Graduates Age 18-34 June 7-12th, 2019

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Key Findings

The Elon University Poll, in collaboration with the Center for Engaged Learning, conducted a survey of 1,575 college graduates, age 18-34, living in the United States.

The purpose of this survey was three-fold:

- (1) To explore how commonly graduates experienced high impact undergraduate experiences, including meaningful relationships with faculty, undergraduate research, internships, and more.
- (2) To investigate what skills and competencies are the most important in their day-to-day lives now, and whether they developed those skills in college.
- (3) To establish the most common types of writing college graduates do for their jobs, and whether college prepared them to do this writing.

Common College Experiences

Survey participants were provided with a list of common college experiences and asked to report how frequently they encountered them. The full list of experiences can be found in the topline results reported below.

The most commonly reported undergraduate experience was receiving feedback from faculty or staff on a submitted, final project. 72% of those surveyed reported experiencing this kind of feedback multiple times, and only 7% reported never having this experience.

The least commonly reported experiences were meaningful relationships with faculty or staff, and opportunities to reflect on how the different parts of their college experience fit together. 52% of graduates reported having meaningful relationship with faculty or staff multiple times, and 17% reported never having such a relationship. Similarly, 55% reported having opportunities to reflect on how the different parts of college fit together and 17% reported never having this opportunity.

Survey participants were also provided with a list of high impact college experiences, commonly studied in higher education, and asked whether they took part in any of them. From this list, the most commonly reported high impact experience was an internship or work placement; 52% of those surveyed took part in one. The least commonly reported high impact experience was an ePortfolio; 18% completed one.

Skills Used Now

The Center for Engaged Learning developed a list of skills thought to be important for success after college. This list was inspired by the AAC&U LEAP Essential Learning Competencies, the National Association of Colleges and Employers (NACE) Competencies, and the contributions of CEL seminar participants.



Managing time emerged as the most important skill to recent graduates. 79% of those surveyed reported that managing time is very important to their day-to-day lives, and 77% said that they developed this skill in college.

Of those listed for survey participants, the least important skill was engaging with their local government. 27% of graduates said this is very important in their day-to-day lives. 36% said this is a skill they developed in college.

Researching and understanding the answers to complex questions was the most commonly named skill that graduates said they developed in college (83%). Yet only 60% reported that this skill is very important in their day-to-day lives. Writing effectively was the second most commonly named skill that graduates said they developed in college (82%), and 64% reported that writing effectively is very important in their current day-to-day lives.

Writing After College

Emails are the most common kind of writing that graduates do for their job; 70% report doing so on a weekly basis. The next most common kinds of writing were client correspondence (36%), reports (32%), and social media posts (31%). The full list of writing types, and their frequencies, can be found in the topline results below.

Writing a type of document that they have not encountered before was the most commonly named writing challenge facing recent graduates. 20% named this as their biggest writing challenge since graduating from college.

83% of graduates at least somewhat agreed with the statement, "My college prepared me well for the work-related writing I have done since graduating." Only 9% disagreed with this statement.

Satisfaction with College Experiences

Overall graduates report that their college experience was rewarding. 52% said it was very rewarding, and 36% said it was somewhat rewarding. Only 3% said college was a "not at all rewarding" experience.

Similarly, a majority of graduates (51%) said that even after considering both the costs and benefits of their college experiences, attending college was definitely "worth it." 11% said it was probably not worth it, and 5% said it was definitely not worth it.



Topline Results

Note: In this section of the report, table entries are <u>row</u> percents, with the number of respondents in parentheses. Due to differential response rates to individual questions, the number of respondents listed in each row do not always sum to 1,575. Due to rounding, the percents in each row do not always sum perfectly to 100%.

Common College Experiences

During your college/university experience, to what extent did you encounter the following?

	Never	Once	Multiple Times
Faculty who asked you to draw on prior experiences when you learned new things	14.5 %	26.6 %	58.9%
	(227)	(418)	(926)
Feedback from faculty/staff on a submitted, final project	7.1%	21.1%	71.8%
	(111)	(332)	(1127)
Feedback from faculty/staff to guide your work before you submitted a final version	9.90%	24.0%	66.1%
	(155)	(376)	(1037)
Feedback from peers to guide your work before you submitted a final version	14.0%	28.0%	58.0%
	(220)	(440)	(909)
Meaningful relationships with faculty or staff	17.3%	30.7%	52.0%
	(271)	(482)	(816)
Meaningful relationships with other students	11.5%	21.8%	66.6%
	(181)	(342)	(1046)
Opportunities to reflect on how the different parts of your college experience fit together	17.2%	27.6%	55.2%
	(270)	(433)	(867)
Opportunities to reflect on how what you were learning would apply to your future	10.8%	23.2%	65.9%
	(170)	(365)	(1035)
Practice with real- world applications of what you were learning	12.2%	26.6%	61.3%
	(191)	(417)	(962)



High Impact Experiences

Did you take part in any of the following during college? Select all that apply.

	Yes	No
An internship or work placement	51.7%	48.3%
	(813)	(759)
Service-learning or community-engaged	35.4%	64.6%
learning course	(556)	(1016)
Capstone project or experience	31.7%	68.3%
	(499)	(1073)
Independent undergraduate research project	31.6%	68.4%
	(497)	(1075)
Study abroad experience	19.3%	80.7%
	(303)	(1269)
ePortfolio	17.5 %	82.5%
	(275)	(1297)

Undergraduate Research Experiences

Note: These questions were asked only of respondents who reported having undergraduate research experience above (n=497).

	Yes	No
Was your undergraduate research a required project for one of your courses?	80.3% (399)	19.7% (98)
Was your undergraduate research conducted outside of a normal class, but under the supervision of faculty or staff?	81.7% (406)	18.3% (91)
Was your undergraduate research an original contribution to your field of study?	84.1% (417)	15.9% (79)



Skills Used Now, and Were They Developed in College

Below you'll find a list of skills thought to be important for success after college.

For each skill, please indicate whether it is	
something important to your day-to-day lif	e.

Which of these skills did you develop, at least somewhat, **while in college**?

	_	-			_
	Very important	Somewhat important	Not particularly important	Developed in college	Did not develop in college
Applying your existing skills to a	70.0%	4.3%	25.7%	76.7%	20.4%
new problem	(1098)	(68)	(404)	(1204)	(320)
Connecting with people from	57.4%	9.8%	32.7%	70.3%	29.7%
different cultural backgrounds	(901)	(154)	(513)	(1102)	(466)
Engaging with your local	27.4%	31.2%	41.4%	36.6%	63.4%
government	(430)	(490)	(650)	(575)	(994)
Giving feedback to others	50.2%	8.9%	40.8%	67.5%	32.5%
<u> </u>	(787)	(140)	(639)	(1059)	(510)
Keeping up with the news	36.3%	17.1%	46.6%	43.3%	56.7%
1 5 1	(569)	(268)	(730)	(678)	(888)
Making decisions on behalf of a team	49.0%	10.1%	40.9%	62.3%	37.7%
or organization	(769)	(159)	(641)	(978)	(591)
Making ethical choices	68.9%	6.2%	24.9%	62.2%	37.8%
3	(1083)	(97)	(392)	(974)	(592)



For each skill, please indicate whether it is something important to your **day-to-day life.**

Which of these skills did you develop, at least somewhat, **while in college**?

	Very important	Somewhat important	Not particularly important	Developed in college	Did not develop in college
Managing time	78.9%	4.5%	16.7%	75.9%	24.1%
	(1236)	(70)	(261)	(1188)	(378)
Meeting deadlines	73.1%	5.6%	21.3%	78.2%	21.8%
	(1147)	(88)	(334)	(1224)	(341)
Persisting in the face of setbacks	67.6%	5.4%	27.0%	69.3%	30.7%
	(1059)	(84)	(424)	(978)	(481)
Researching and understanding the answers to complex questions	59.7%	7.4%	32.9%	83.0%	17.0%
	(938)	(116)	(516)	(1281)	(267)
Speaking persuasively	50.9%	9.3%	39.8%	68.1%	31.9%
	(797)	(146)	(623)	(1068)	(502)
Using and/or interpreting data	58.2%	7.7%	34.1%	79.6%	20.4%
	(912)	(121)	(534)	(1246)	(320)
Volunteering in your local community	31.5%	22.2%	46.3%	46.1%	53.9%
	(495)	(349)	(728)	(723)	(845)
Working with a team to accomplish goals	62.6%	7.1%	30.2%	75.1%	24.9%
	(985)	(112)	(475)	(1180)	(391)
Writing effectively	63.6%	6.4%	29.9%	81.8%	18.2%
	(996)	(101)	(468)	(1281)	(285)



Writing After College

Below you'll find a list of different kinds of writing that you may or may not do for your job. For each one, please indicate how often you do this kind of writing.

	Never	Less than monthly	Monthly	Weekly
Advertising or promotional materials	44.5%	21.4%	19.4%	14.7%
	(697)	(335)	(304)	(231)
Articles (e.g. news articles, trade publication articles, etc.)	44.1%	21.9%	18.7%	15.4%
	(690)	(342)	(292)	(241)
Client correspondence	28.3%	16.9%	19.3%	35.5%
	(441)	(263)	(301)	(553)
Emails	6.3%	9.1%	14.1%	70.4%
	(98)	(143)	(221)	(1102)
Instructions (e.g. user guides, etc.)	22.8%	24.0%	28.2%	25.0%
	(357)	(376)	(442)	(391)
Legal documents (e.g. contracts, legislative acts, etc.)	43.5%	22.5%	17.2%	16.9%
	(680)	(351)	(269)	(264)
Memos	27.0%	19.8%	23.5%	29.7%
	(423)	(311)	(367)	(465)
Multimedia writing (e.g. videos)	39.9%	23.6%	18.7%	17.8%
	(627)	(370)	(294)	(279)
Presentations	27.2%	24.7%	27.4%	20.6%
	(426)	(387)	(428)	(323)
Project management documents (e.g. schedules)	29.4%	21.6%	24.3%	24.7%
	(459)	(337)	(378)	(386)



	Never	Less than monthly	Monthly	Weekly
Proposals (e.g. business proposals, grant proposals, etc.)	38.3%	25.6%	22.6%	13.6%
	(601)	(401)	(354)	(213)
Reports (e.g. expense reports, progress reports, white papers, etc.)	21.7%	18.9%	27.6%	31.8%
	(340)	(296)	(432)	(498)
Social media	36.5%	15.6%	17.0%	30.9%
	(572)	(244)	(266)	(484)
Summaries or abstracts	30.9%	21.1%	25.1%	22.9%
	(483)	(330)	(393)	(358)
Teaching materials (e.g. lesson plans, assignment guidelines, etc.)	38.3%	20.1%	17.0%	24.6%
	(601)	(315)	(267)	(386)
Web content	37.6%	18.1%	20.0%	24.4%
	(585)	(282)	(311)	(379)



Writing Challenges

Please select the biggest writing challenge you have encountered since graduating college:

Writing a type of document I had not	19.6%
encountered before	(308)
Adenting to my readers' expectations and needs	16.0%
Adapting to my readers' expectations and needs	
	(251)
Writing in a concise and direct manner	12.8%
C	(201)
	(201)
Catting useful feedbook on my writing from	11 20/
Getting useful feedback on my writing from	11.2%
others	(176)
Organizing my writing effectively	10.7%
	(169)
	(107)
Producing documents quickly	10.4%
Troducing documents quickly	
	(164)
Description of the control of the co	10.40/
Revising my writing	10.4%
	(164)
	0.004
Writing with technologies I'm not familiar with	8.9%
	(140)



Satisfaction with College Experiences

How strongly do you agree or disagree with the following statement:

"My college prepared me well for the work-related writing I have done since graduating."

Strongly Agree	Agree	Somewhat agree	Neither	Somewhat disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
31.7%	29.7%	21.5%	7.7%	4.5%	2.3%	2.5%
(499)	(467)	(337)	(122)	(71)	(37)	(40)

Overall, how would you rate your college experience?

Very rewarding	Somewhat rewarding	Slightly rewarding	Not at all rewarding
51.7%	35.8%	9.8%	2.7%
(813)	(563)	(154)	(42)

Considering both the costs and benefits of your college experience, would you say attending college was "worth it" for you personally?

Definitely yes	Probably yes	Probably not	Definitely not
50.7%	33.3%	11.2%	4.9%
(798)	(525)	(176)	(77)



Demographics

Age

18-24	25-34
20.0%	80.0%
(315)	(1260)

Gender

Male	Female
44.0%	56.0%
(693)	(882)

Race and Ethnicity

White (non-Hispanic)	Black (non-Hispanic)	Hispanic or Latinx	Other
67.0%	11.0%	12.0%	10.0%
(1055)	(173)	(189)	(158)

Region

Northeast	Midwest	South	West	
21.0%	21.0%	34.0%	24.0%	
(331)	(331)	(535)	(378)	



Income

Less than \$20k	\$20-49.9k	\$50-99.9k	\$100-\$149.9k	\$150k or more
9.0%	27.4%	42.2%	15.7%	5.6%
(142)	(432)	(665)	(248)	(89)

Employment status

Employed full time	Employed part time	Unemployed looking for work	Unemployed not looking for work	Other
69.3%	14.5%	5.6%	3.8%	0.4%
(1089)	(228)	(88)	(60)	(6)

First generation college student

Yes	No
38.0%	62.0%
(597)	(975)

Amount in student loans

None	Less than \$10k	\$10k-19.9k	20-40k	40k or more
29.0% (454)	11.7% (183)	17.2% (269)	25.4% (397)	16.8% (263)
(434)	(103)	(20))	(371)	(203)

Lived on campus for one or more years

Yes	No		
59.4%	40.6%		
(928)	(635)		



College Characteristics

Size of College

Small (<4k undergraduate students)	Medium (4-15k undergraduate students)	Large (More than 15k undergraduate students)
23.7%	47.1%	29.1%
(373)	(741)	(458)

Did you take most of your undergraduate classes online or in-person?

Online	In-person
14.4%	85.6%
(225)	(1341)

Did most students at your college live on campus (or in student housing near campus) or did most commute to campus?

64.9% 35	5.1%		
(1020) (55)	51)		



Crosstabulations

Note: In this section of the report, table entries are <u>column</u> percents. Due to rounding, the percents in each column do not always sum perfectly to 100%. Additionally, the credibility interval for any observed sub-group comparison is wider, due to the smaller sample sizes.

Common College Experiences

During your college/university experience, to what extent did you encounter the following:

	Overall	First (Generation	Type o	f degree e	arned	Classes	mostly	Student	s lived	Was go	ing to col	lege wortl	ı it?
		Yes	No	2-yr	4-yr	Grad	Online	On	On	Commuted	Def.	Prob.	Prob.	Def.
Ekkk			• •		1	- J 41.		campus	campus		yes	yes	not	not
racuity who ask	Faculty who asked you to draw on prior experiences when you learned new things													
Never	14	15	14	23	13	8	17	14	13	17	11	15	19	34
Once	27	28	26	26	27	27	35	25	27	26	24	32	24	22
Multiple Times	59	57	60	51	60	65	48	61	60	57	65	53	57	45
Meaningful relationships with faculty or staff														
Never	17	19	16	23	17	11	27	16	15	21	12	17	26	48
Once	31	31	30	29	32	29	28	31	31	30	25	37	42	23
Multiple Times	52	50	53	48	51	60	45	53	54	48	63	45	31	29
•	Meaningful relationships with other students													
	_													
Never	12	14	10	18	11	7	24	10	8	17	7	13	21	32
Once	22	21	23	25	21	21	28	21	21	24	19	26	21	19
Multiple Times	67	65	67	56	69	72	49	70	71	59	74	61	58	49
Feedback from p	peers to gu	ide your	work before y	ou submi	tted a fina	al version								
Never	14	15	14	19	13	11	20	13	13	16	10	15	24	27
Once	28	31	26	28	29	26	34	27	29	27	27	31	26	30
Multiple Times	58	54	60	54	58	63	46	60	58	58	63	54	51	44
Feedback from f	aculty/staf	f to guid	le your work b	efore you	submitte	d a final versio	o n							
Never	10	11	9	13	10	6	15	9	10	10	6	11	19	21
	24	24	24	25	24	23	29	23	23	25	22	27	21	32
Once														
Multiple Times	66	65	67	62	66	71	57	68	67	65	72	62	60	47



	Overall	First (Generation	Type o	f degree	earned	Classes	mostly	Student	s lived	_	ng to colleg	e worth it?	
		Yes	No	2-yr	4-yr	Grad	Online	On campus	On campus	Commuted	Def. yes	Prob. yes	Prob. not	Def. not
Feedback from f	Feedback from faculty/staff on a submitted, final project													
Never	7	6	8	12	6	4	9	7	7	8	5	9	10	16
Once	21	21	21	22	21	18	35	19	21	21	18	26	17	24
Multiple Times	72	73	71	66	72	78	56	74	72	71	77	65	74	59
Practice with rea	Practice with real- world applications of what you were learning													
Never	12	15	11	16	12	8	18	11	11	14	8	10	25	41
Once	27	23	28	23	28	25	32	26	27	25	24	31	27	17
Multiple Times	61	62	61	61	59	66	51	63	61	61	68	58	48	41
Opportunities to	reflect on	how the	e different par	ts of you	r college	experience fit	together							
Never	17	22	14	22	17	13	23	16	15	22	11	18	29	45
Once	28	27	28	28	28	26	32	27	29	25	27	30	26	15
Multiple Times	55	51	57	50	55	61	46	57	56	53	62	51	44	40
Opportunities to	Opportunities to reflect on how what you were learning would apply to your future													
Never	11	12	10	14	11	8	14	10	10	12	6	12	20	32
Once	23	23	24	23	24	22	29	22	25	20	20	27	25	23
Multiple Times	66	65	66	63	66	71	57	67	65	68	74	61	55	45



High Impact Experiences

Did you take part in any of the following during college? Select all that apply.

	Overall	First Generation		Type of degree earned			Classes	Classes mostly		Students lived		Was going to college worth		
		Yes	No	2-yr	4-yr	Grad	Online	On campus	On campus	Commuted	Def. yes	Prob. yes	Prob. not	Def. not
An internsh	ip or work plac	ement												
Yes	52	49	52	42	51	60	37	53	52	48	57	46	44	38
No	48	51	48	58	49	40	63	47	48	52	43	54	56	62
Service-lear	rning or commu	nity-en	gaged learning	course										
Yes	35	33	37	33	35	38	38	35	38	30	42	31	24	17
No	65	67	63	67	65	62	62	65	62	70	58	69	76	83
Capstone pr	Capstone project or experience													
Yes	32	29	33	20	31	46	34	31	34	27	36	28	28	21
No	68	71	67	80	69	54	66	69	66	73	64	72	72	79
Independen	it undergraduat	e reseai	rch project											
Yes	32	27	35	21	34	41	29	33	34	29	37	29	24	28
No	68	73	65	79	66	59	71	67	66	71	63	71	76	72
Study abroa	ad experience													
Yes	19	16	21	14	19	26	21	19	22	14	24	17	9	8
No	81	84	79	86	81	74	79	81	78	86	76	83	91	92
ePortfolio														
Yes	18	18	18	18	16	22	23	17	19	16	21	14	13	19
No	82	82	82	82	84	78	77	83	81	84	79	86	87	81



Selected Skills Used Now

Below you'll find a list of skills thought to be important for success after college. Please indicate whether it is something important to your day-to-day life.

	Overall	First Ger	neration	Type	of degree	earned	Classes	mostly	Student	s lived	Was o	oing to co	ollege wo	rth it?
	Overun	Yes	No	2-yr	4-yr	Grad	Online	On campus	On campus	Commuted	Def. yes	Prob. yes	Prob. not	Def. not
Applying your existing ski	lla to o na	nuchlom												
Very important	70 70	70	70	69	68	75	67	70	69	71	77	61	63	72
Somewhat important	4	5	4	5	4	3	8	4	4	5	3	6	4	8
Not particularly important	26	25	26	26	27	22	26	26	27	24	20	33	33	21
Ciring foodback to others														
Giving feedback to others Very important	50	50	50	49	48	58	50	50	51	50	57	43	44	45
Somewhat important	9	8	10	10	9	8	10	9	9	9	6	10	14	22
Not particularly important	41	43	40	40	43	35	40	41	41	41	37	48	42	34
Trot particularly important		15	10	.0	.5	33	10	11			3,	10	.2	51
Meeting deadlines														
Very important	73	76	71	71	73	77	65	75	72	74	85	72	76	69
Somewhat important	21	5	6	20	22	20	24	21	22	20	12	22	21	22
Not particularly important	6	18	23	9	5	3	12	5	6	5	3	6	3	9
Using and/or interpreting	data													
Very important	58	57	59	53	58	65	58	58	56	62	66	49	47	58
Somewhat important	8	8	7	9	8	6	9	8	9	6	6	8	10	16
Not particularly important	34	34	34	38	34	29	33	34	35	32	27	43	43	27
Writing effectively														
Very important	64	64	63	59	63	70	58	64	64	63	70	57	55	59
Somewhat important	6	8	6	10	6	4	9	6	6	6	4	8	9	11
Not particularly important	30	28	31	31	31	26	33	30	30	30	25	35	36	30



Satisfaction with College Experiences

	Overall	First	Generation	Type	of degree	earned	Classes	mostly	Students	s lived	Was going to college worth it?			th it?
		Yes	No	2-yr	4-yr	Grad	Online	On campus	On campus	Commuted	Def. yes	Prob. yes	Prob. not	Def not
"My college prepare	ed me well for	the wo	rk-related wr	iting I ha	ve done	since gradu	ating."							
Strong agree	32	27	35	32	29	40	45	29	35	26	47	20	8	9
Agree	30	30	30	26	30	34	20	31	31	28	30	34	22	16
Agree some	21	24	20	20	24	16	20	22	20	25	15	30	28	13
Neither	8	8	8	12	8	3	8	8	7	9	4	9	18	14
Disagree some	5	6	4	3	5	4	4	5	4	5	2	4	12	14
Disagree	2	2	2	3	3	1	2	2	2	3	1	1	8	10
Strong disagree	3	4	2	4	3	1	2	3	2	3	1	1	5	23
Overall, how would	you rate you	· college	experience?											
Very rewarding	52	47	54	48	50	61	51	52	55	45	78	32	11	3
Some rewarding	36	37	35	37	36	33	32	36	34	40	19	58	50	24
Slight rewarding	10	13	8	10	12	5	13	9	10	10	2	10	34	33
Not at all	3	4	2	5	2	1	4	3	2	5	0	0	5	40
Considering both th	e costs and be	enefits o	f your college	experie	nce, woul	ld you say at	ttending coll	lege was "w	orth it" for	you personal	ly?			
Definitely yes	51	44	54	45	49	62	46	51	53	46	100	0	0	0
Probably yes	33	33	34	35	34	29	40	32	33	34	0	100	0	0
Probably not	11	15	9	11	12	7	8	12	10	14	0	0	100	0
Definitely not	5	8	3	8	5	2	6	5	4	7	0	0	0	100



Methodological Information

Mode: Online

Population: U.S. college graduates, ages 18-34

Dates in the field: June 7-12th, 2019

Sample size: 1575

Weighting variables: Age, Gender, Race, Census region, Highest degree earned

Credibility interval: +/- 2.53 points

Procedure

For this survey, the Elon University Poll used an online opt-in sample provided by Lucid, LLC. Respondents were recruited for this sample from many sample providers in the Lucid marketplace. Respondents received small amounts of compensation in exchange for their opinions. More information about the Lucid marketplace and quality tests are available here.

Our sample was designed to represent 18 to 34-year-olds in the United States with at least a two-year degree. This population consists of approximately 24 million individuals. We defined our eligible population as those classified by the U.S. Census as having an Associate's, Bachelor's, or Graduate or Professional graduate degree. The survey software, Qualtrics, screened respondents out of the sample if they self-reported having less than this level of education.

This survey used both quotas prior to data collection and weights after data collection to match sample demographics to population demographics of age, race, sex, highest degree and Census region. A raking algorithm in Stata generated weights.

Credibility Interval

Unlike a traditional random digit-dial telephone survey, online opt-in surveys do not have traditional margin of errors because they do not adhere to assumptions of random selection. To account for uncertainty inherent in any sample-based research design, we provide credibility intervals. More information about this technique can be found <u>here</u>. The credibility interval was calculated by inflating traditional confidence intervals by design effects means. In this survey, the interval was calculated as follows: (1.023*2.469) = 2.53

Support for Transparency

The Elon University Poll supports transparency in survey research and is a charter member of the American Association for Public Opinion Research Transparency Initiative, which is a program promoting openness and transparency about survey research methods and operations among survey research professionals and the industry. All information about the Elon University Poll that we release to the public conforms to reporting conventions recommended by the American Association for Public Opinion Research and the National Council on Public Polls.



Weighting Information

The table below presents population parameters, unweighted sample parameters and weighted sample parameters:

		Population	Unweighted Value	Weighted Value
Age	18-24	20%	20.1%	20%
	25-34	80%	79.9%	80%
Gender	Male	44%	36.4%	44%
	Female	56%	63.6%	56%
Race	White (non-hispanic)	67%	66.1%	67%
	Black (non-hispanic)	11%	12.6%	11%
	Other (non-hispanic)	10%	8.7%	10%
	Hispanic	12%	12.7%	12%
Census Region	Northeast	21%	20.5%	21%
	Midwest	21%	22.6%	21%
	South	34%	37.2%	34%
	West	24%	19.7%	24%
Highest Degree Earned	2-year	23%	21.8%	23%
	4-year	57%	56.9%	57%
	Graduate	20%	21.2%	20%

We were unable to locate exact parameters for our population of interest, recent college graduates, age 18-34. To create the above parameters, we made assumptions based on several sources of federal data. Data on race and highest degree earned are limited to those between 20 and 34 in the labor force, not all residents 18 to 34. Furthermore, our sample does not reflect those 18-34-year-old degree holders who lack internet access. Despite these limitations, we believe our sample is as reflective of the population as possible.

For age, sex, and highest degree earned, and region, we relied on American Community Survey (U.S. Census) 2017 Table B15001 "Sex by Age by Educational Attainment for The Population 18 Years and Over." For race, we used Table EEO-ALL07R-N1 "Educational Attainment (6) by Younger Age Groups, Sex, and Race/Ethnicity (Part I) for Residence Geography, Total Population, Number Universe: Civilian labor force 20 years and over "(2010) from U.S. Census Bureau Fact Finder. We obtained percentages for each demographic group by dividing subcategory population counts by category overall population counts



Frequently Asked Questions

1. Who pays for the Elon University Poll?

Elon University fully funds the Elon University Poll. The poll operates under the auspices of the College of Arts and Sciences at Elon University, led by Dean Gabie Smith. The Elon University administration, led by Dr. Connie Ledoux Book, president of the university, fully supports the Elon University Poll as part of its service to the community. Because of this generous support, the Elon University Poll does not engage in any contract work. This permits the Elon University Poll to operate as a neutral, non-biased, non-partisan resource.

2. What did respondents know about the survey before agreeing to take the survey?

During survey recruitment, respondents saw a title that the survey was about higher education. In the introductory screen, respondents read, "We are hoping to understand what aspects of the college experience matter most for life outcomes."

3. Did you randomize response options?

Yes. The order of college experiences and writing habits were randomized.

4. Did you weight the data?

Yes. We applied weights to the data according to U.S. Census information about this demographic group. For more details, see the Weighting Information above.

5. What are the advantages and disadvantages of online opt-in surveys over traditional random digit dial surveys?

Traditional telephone surveys have a clear advantage over online surveys such as this in that assumptions of equal probability of selection are more appropriate. Furthermore, online surveys do not capture opinions of respondents who lack internet access.

However, our opinion is that <u>declining telephone response rates</u> and the growth in online sample pool sizes have narrowed quality differences between the two modes. Additional information about opt-in surveys in general is available from AAPOR and the <u>Pew Research Center</u>.



About the Elon University Poll

The Elon University Poll conducts statewide, regional, and national surveys on issues of importance to North Carolinians as well as other southern states. Information from these polls is shared with media, citizens and public officials to facilitate informed public policy making through the better understanding of citizens' opinions and attitudes. By conducting several public opinion surveys annually, the Elon University Poll is easily recognized as the "poll of record in North Carolina."



<u>Jason Husser</u> is Director of the Elon University Poll and Associate Professor of Political Science & Policy Studies at Elon University. Dr. Husser holds a Ph.D. in Political Science from Vanderbilt University. He researches American political behavior and survey methodology.



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Owen Covington is Director of the Elon University News Bureau. A native North Carolinian, Owen Covington joined the staff of Elon University in 2016 after spending 17 years in the field of journalism as a reporter and editor for daily and weekly news outlets in North Carolina and Kentucky. As director of the Elon University News Bureau, Covington oversees the promotion of Elon and its students, faculty and staff both through stories told across Elon's media channels as well as through interactions with state, national and international media. He is involved in media relations, including responding to requests from print, digital and broadcast media outlets, and works to promote content generated by a variety of Elon news sources.

For more information on the Elon University Poll, visit elon.edu/elonpoll

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About the Center for Engaged Learning

The Center for Engaged Learning brings together international leaders in higher education to develop and to synthesize rigorous research on central questions about student learning. The center offers multi-institutional research and practice-based initiatives, conferences, and seminars; and shares related resources for faculty and faculty developers on high-impact practices for engaged learning.



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For more information about the Center, visit <u>centerforengagedlearning.org</u>